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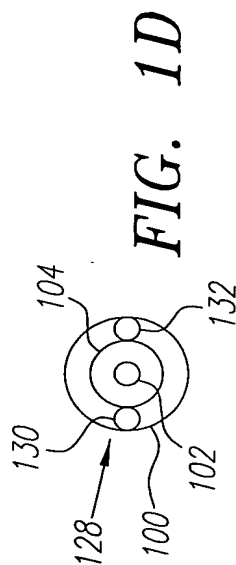
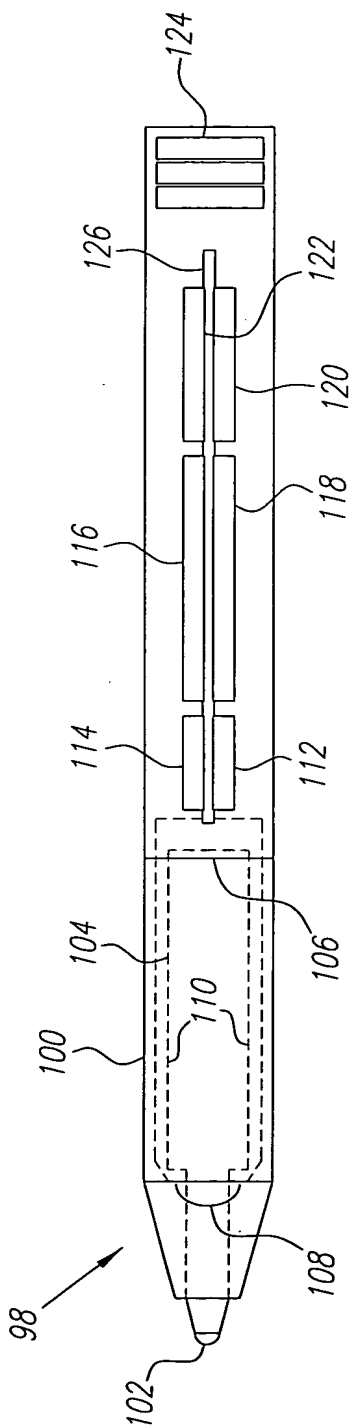
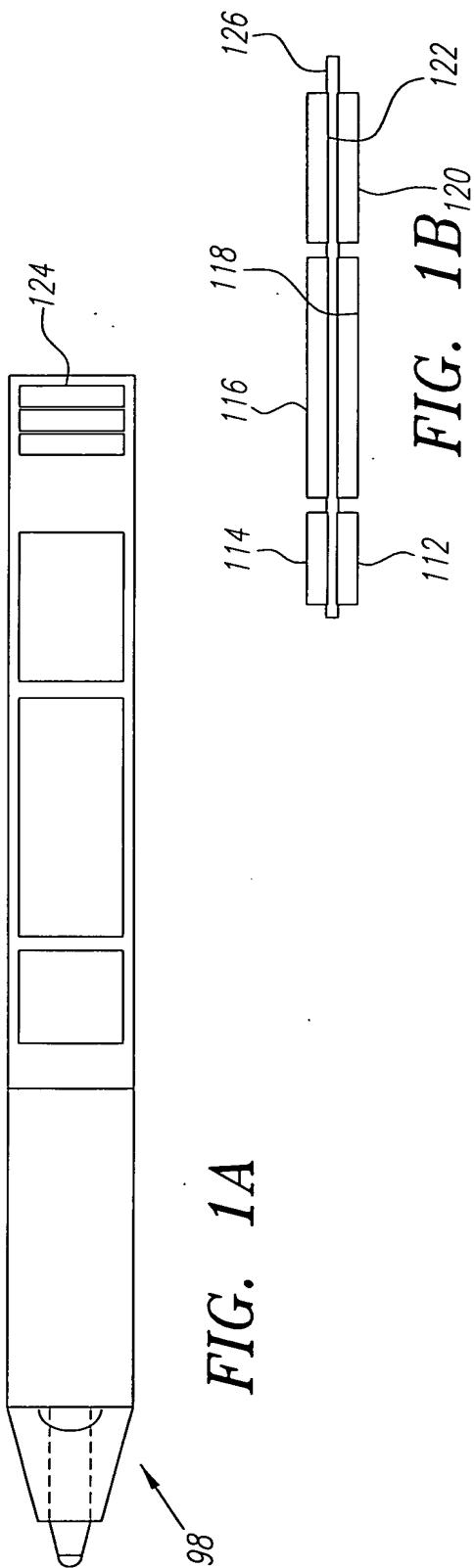


FIG. 1C

FIG. 1D

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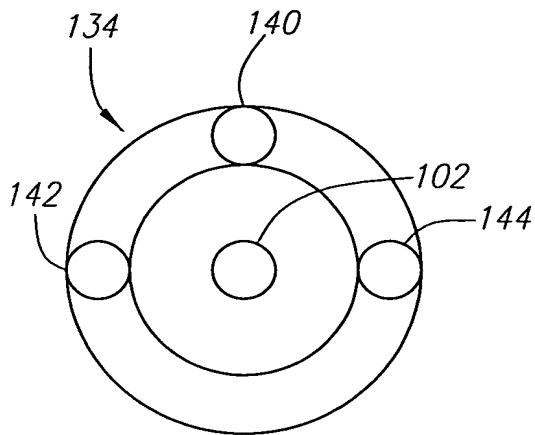


FIG. 1E

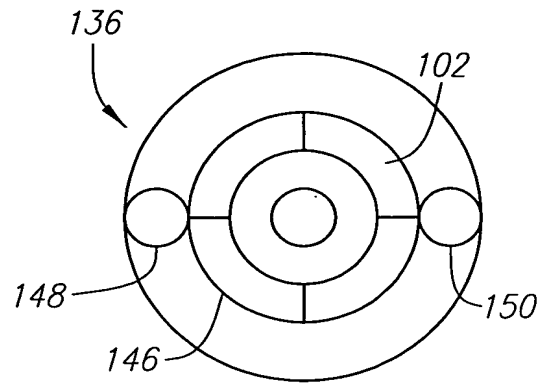


FIG. 1F

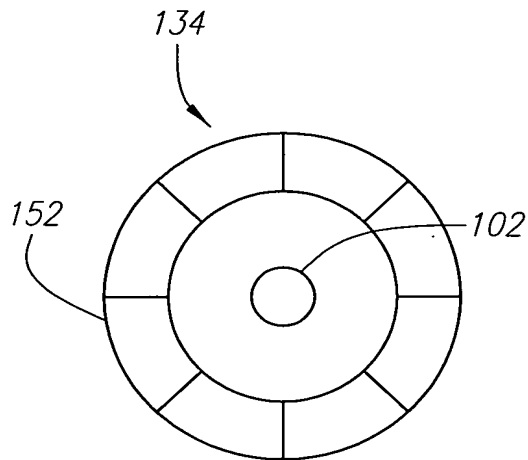


FIG. 1G

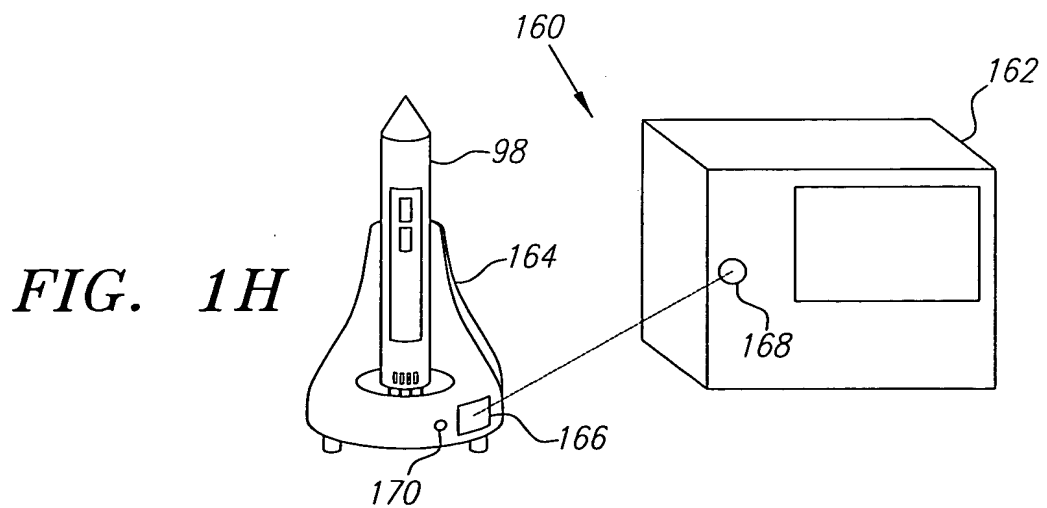


FIG. 1H

FIG. 1E

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FIG. 2

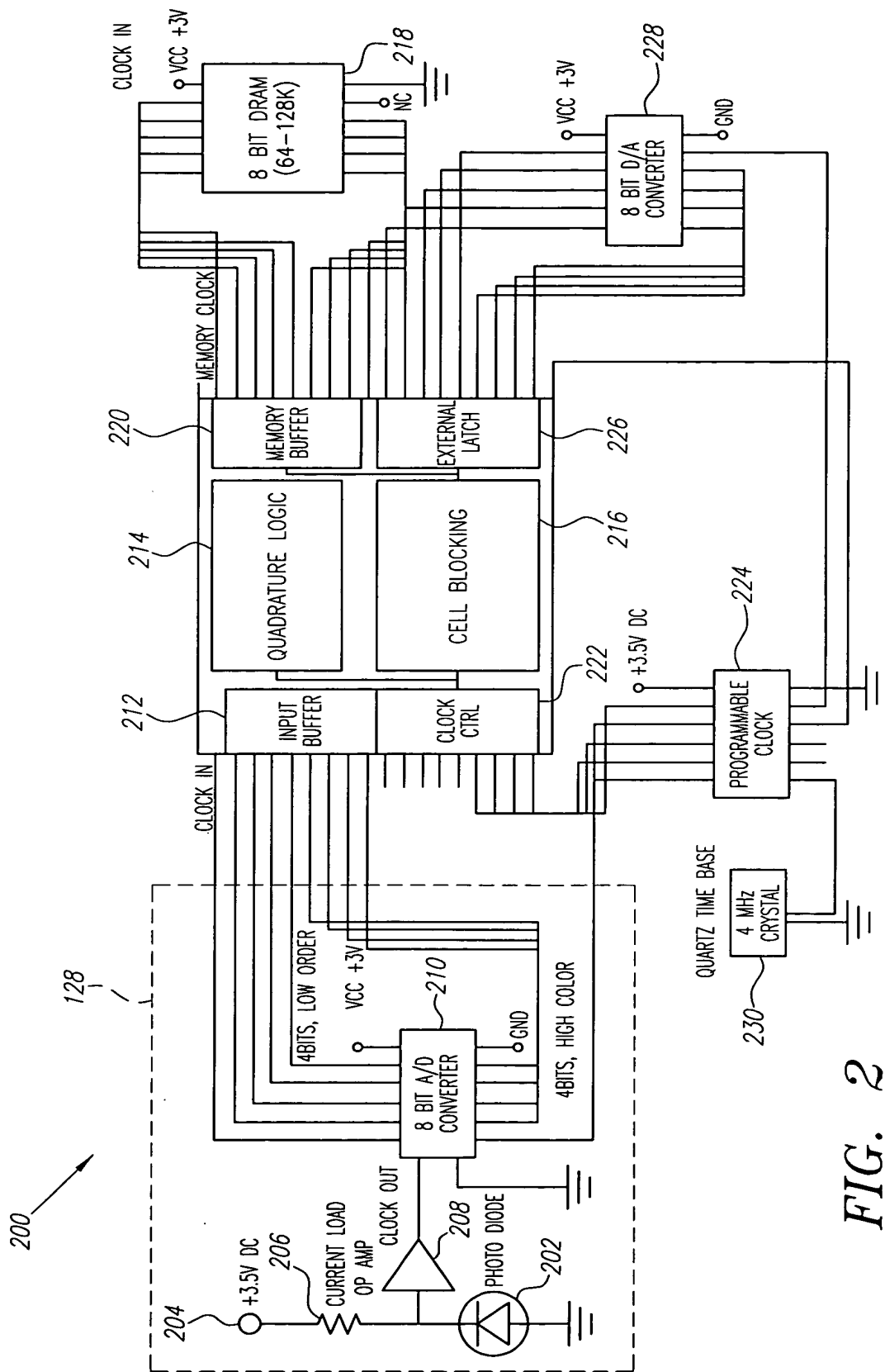


FIG. 2

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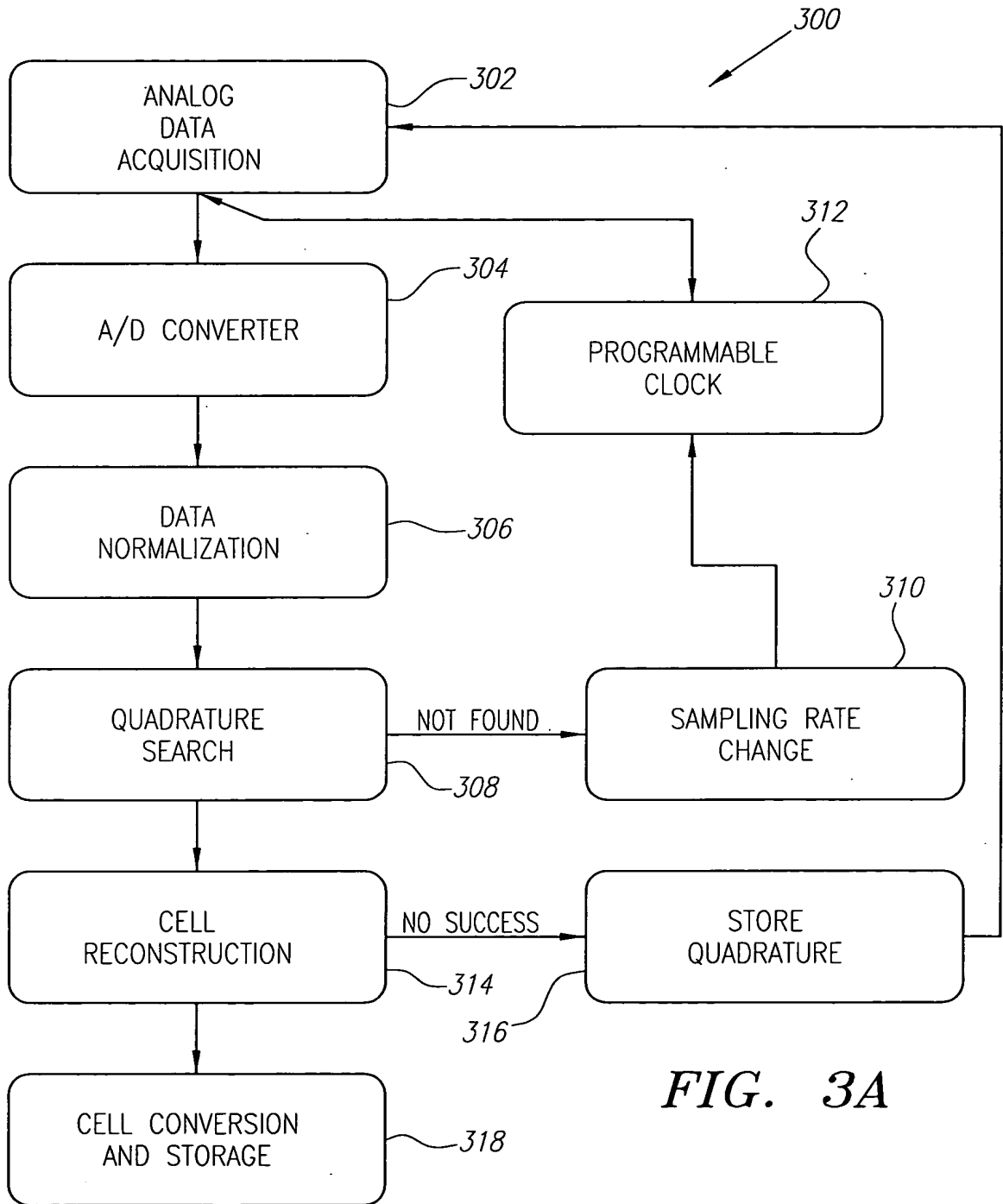


FIG. 3A

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FIG. 3B

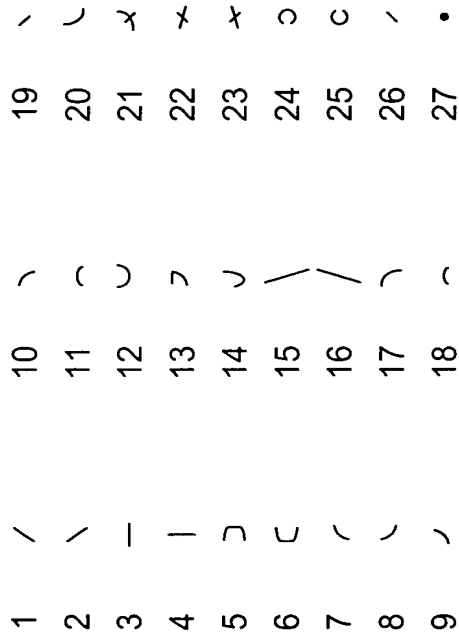


FIG. 3B

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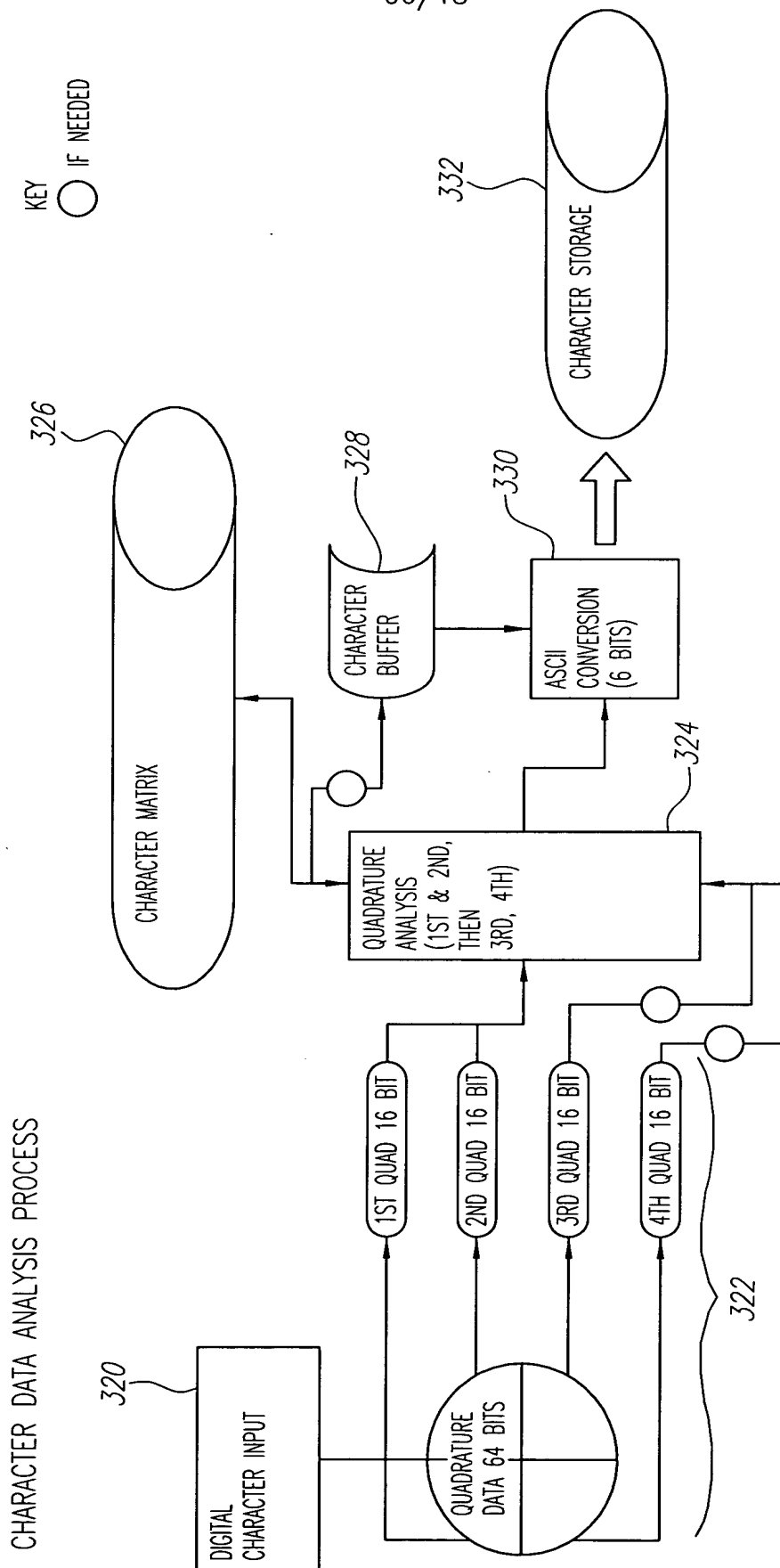


FIG. 3C

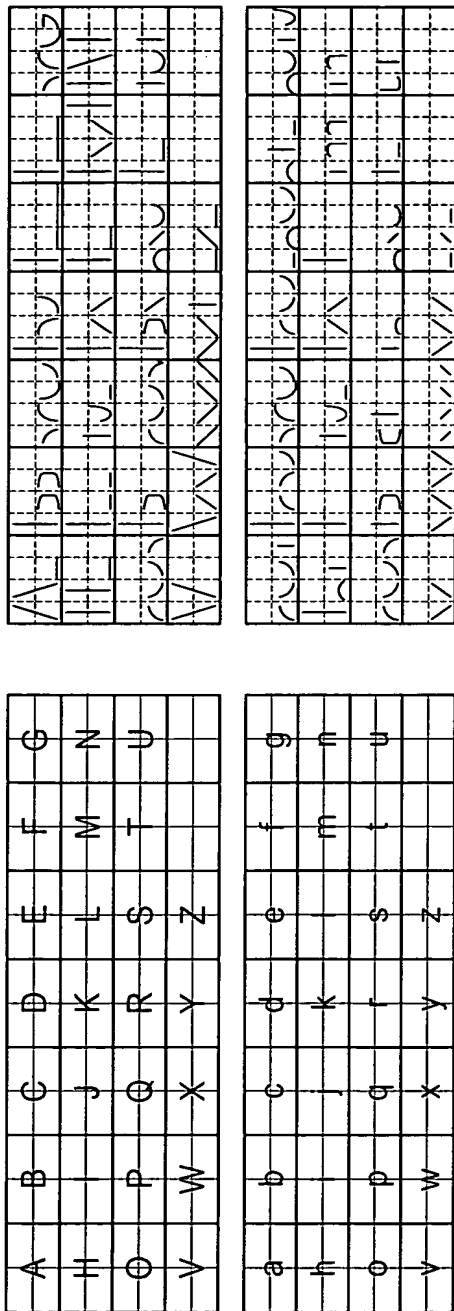


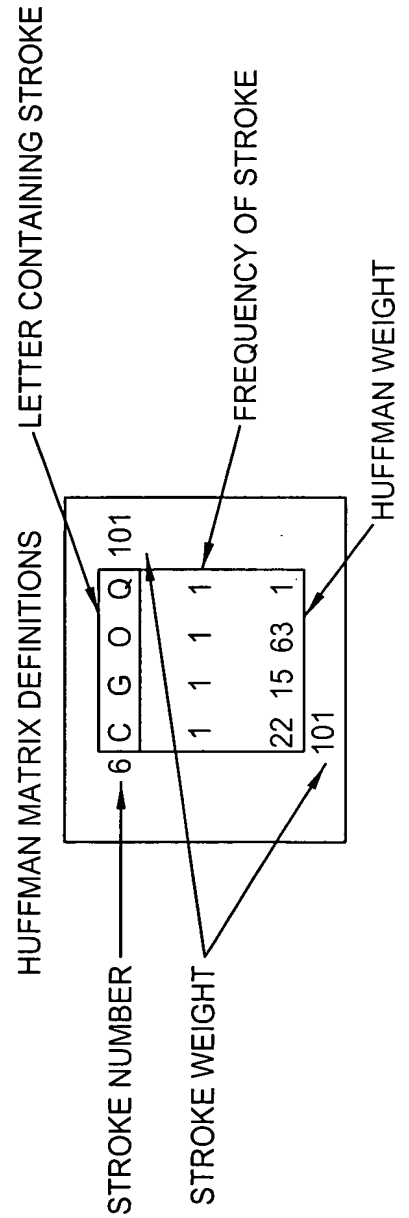
FIG. 3E

FIG. 3D

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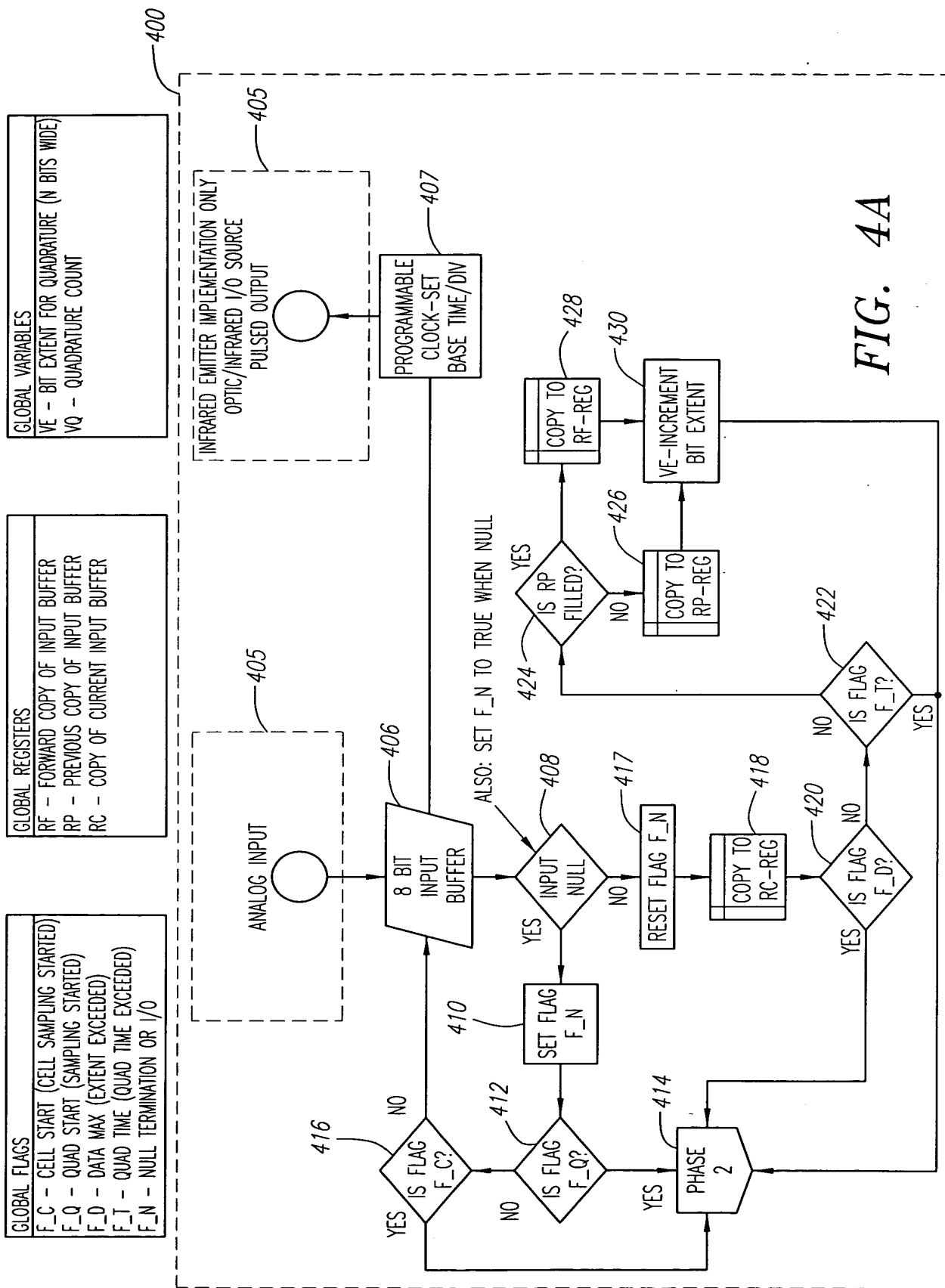
1	A	K	V	W	X	Y	Z	M	258								
A	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1									
B	64	5	8	18	1	16	1	20									
2	A	K	M	N	V	W	X	Y	207								
A	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1									
B	64	5	20	57	8	18	1	16									
3	A	E	F	G	H	I	J	L	T	Z	649						
A	1	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	2							
B	64	103	21	15	47	57	1	32	80	1							
4	B	D	E	F	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	Y	694
A	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	
B	13	32	103	21	47	57	1	5	32	20	57	15	48	80	23	16	
5	B	P	R	S	140	6	C	G	O	Q	101						
A	2	1	1	1			A	1	1	1	1						
B	13	15	48	51			B	22	18	63	1						
7	C	G	O	Q	S	152	8	C	D	G	J	O	U	156			
A	1	1	1	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1				
B	22	15	63	1	51			22	32	15	1	63	23				
9	D	O	Q	96	10	Q		11	S	51	12	X	1				
A	1	1	1						1				1				
B	32	63	1										51				

FIG. 3F



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FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION OF DETECTION PROCESS - PHASE 1



GLOBAL VARIABLES	
VE	- BIT EXTENT FOR QUADRATURE (N BITS WIDE)
VQ	- QUADRATURE COUNT
VS	- ADAPTIVE CONTROL EVENT

GLOBAL REGISTERS	
RF	- FORWARD COPY OF INPUT BUFFER
RP	- PREVIOUS COPY OF INPUT BUFFER
RC	- COPY OF CURRENT INPUT BUFFER
RD	- DIFFERENCE IN X/Y

GLOBAL FLAGS	
F_C	- CELL START (CELL SAMPLING STARTED)
F_Q	- QUAD START (SAMPLING STARTED)
F_D	- DATA MAX (EXTENT EXCEEDED)
F_T	- QUAD TIME (QUAD TIME EXCEEDED)
F_N	- NULL TERMINATION OR I/O STOP

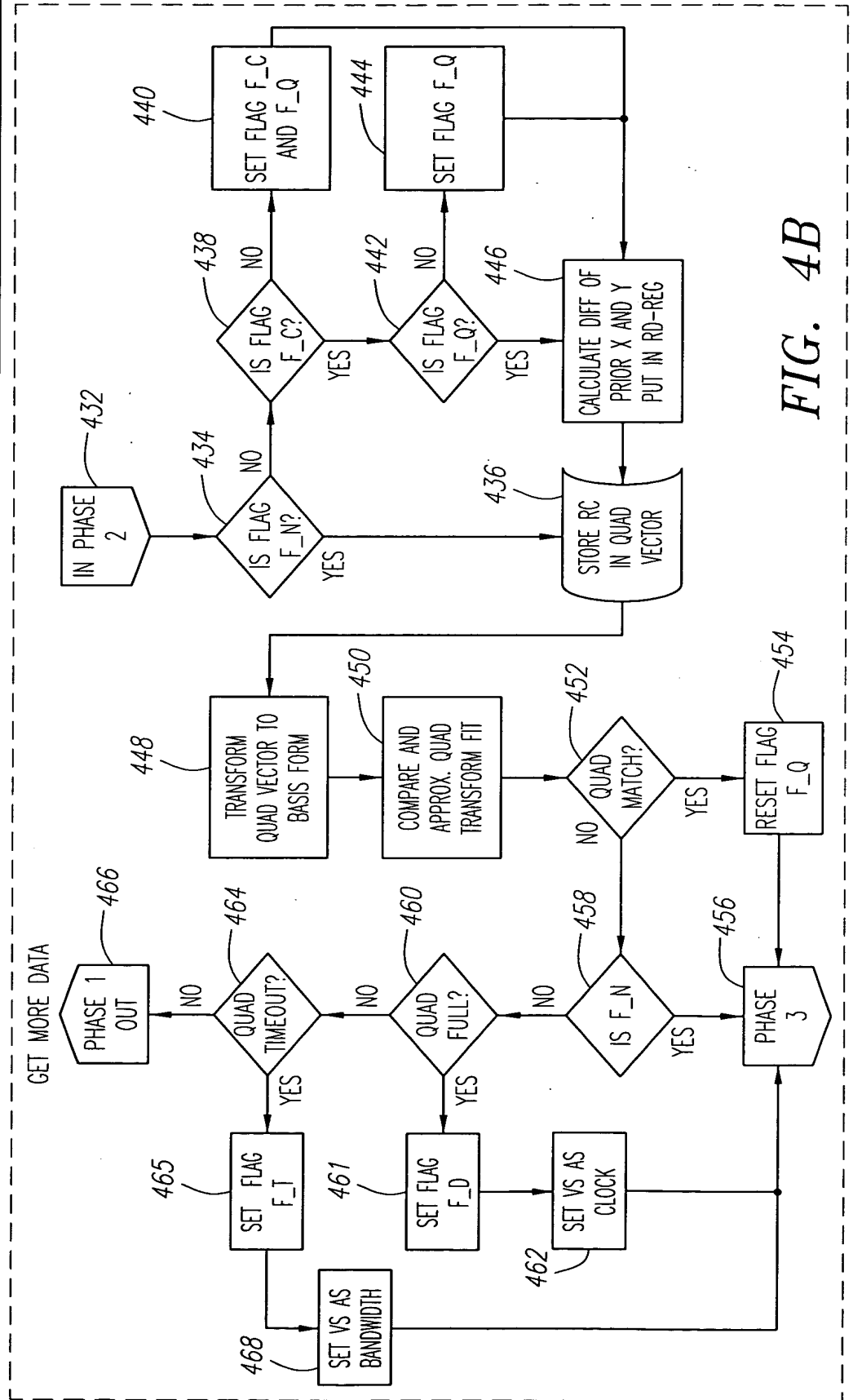


FIG. 4B

FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION OF CELL BLOCKING - PHASE 3

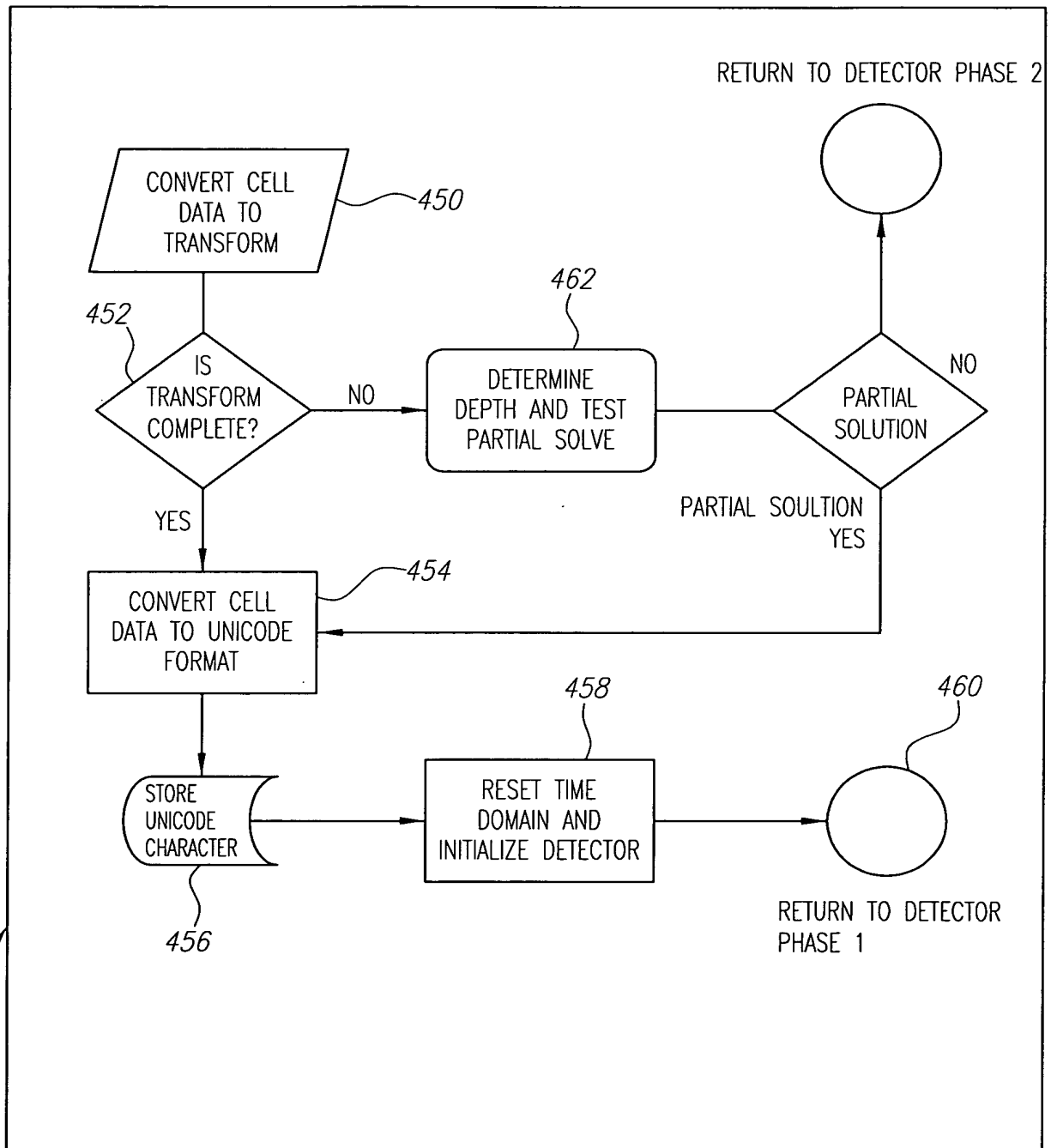


FIG. 4C

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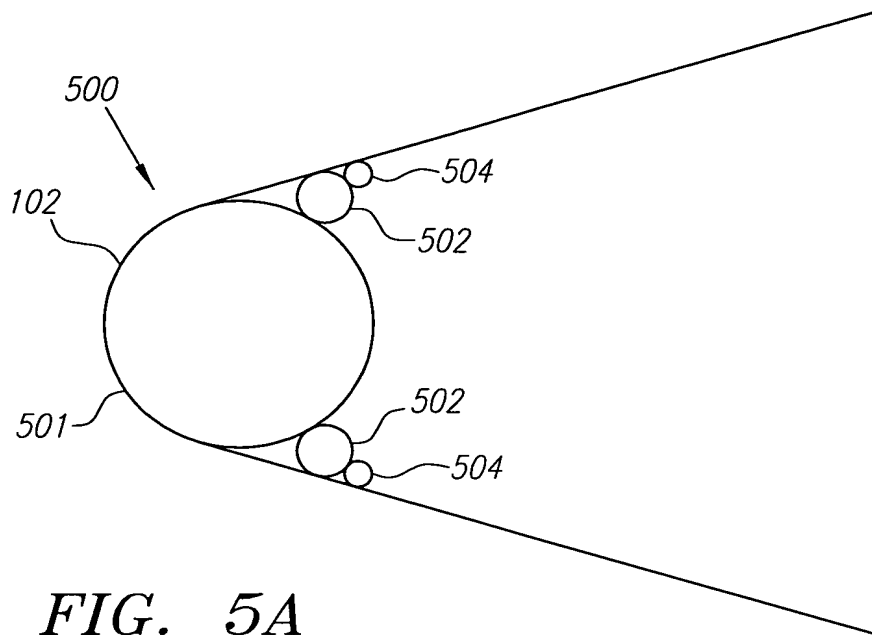


FIG. 5A

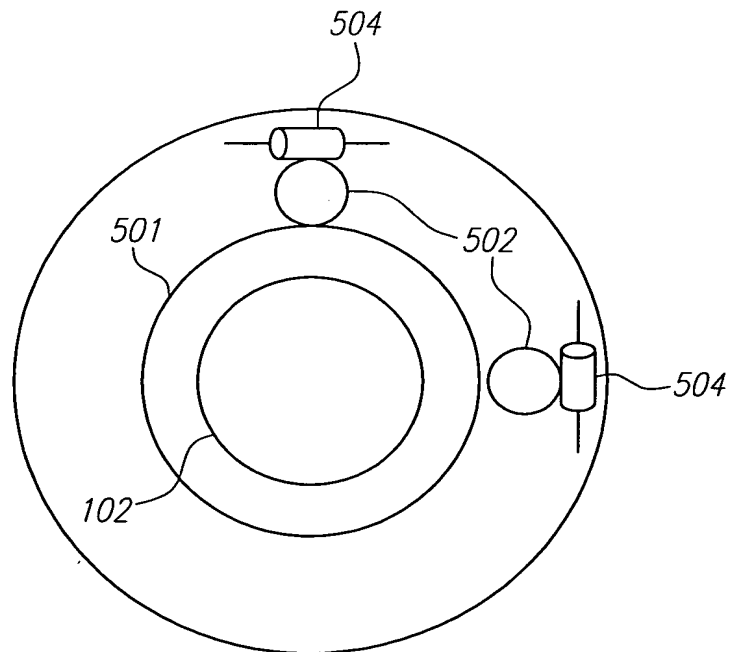


FIG. 5B

MICRO-FEELER - ANALOG SOURCE DATA

COUPLED TO RESISTIVE POTENTIOMETERS THAT ARE
MULTI-TURN CYCLICAL OUTPUT
(NO STOPS ON SHAFT ROTATION)

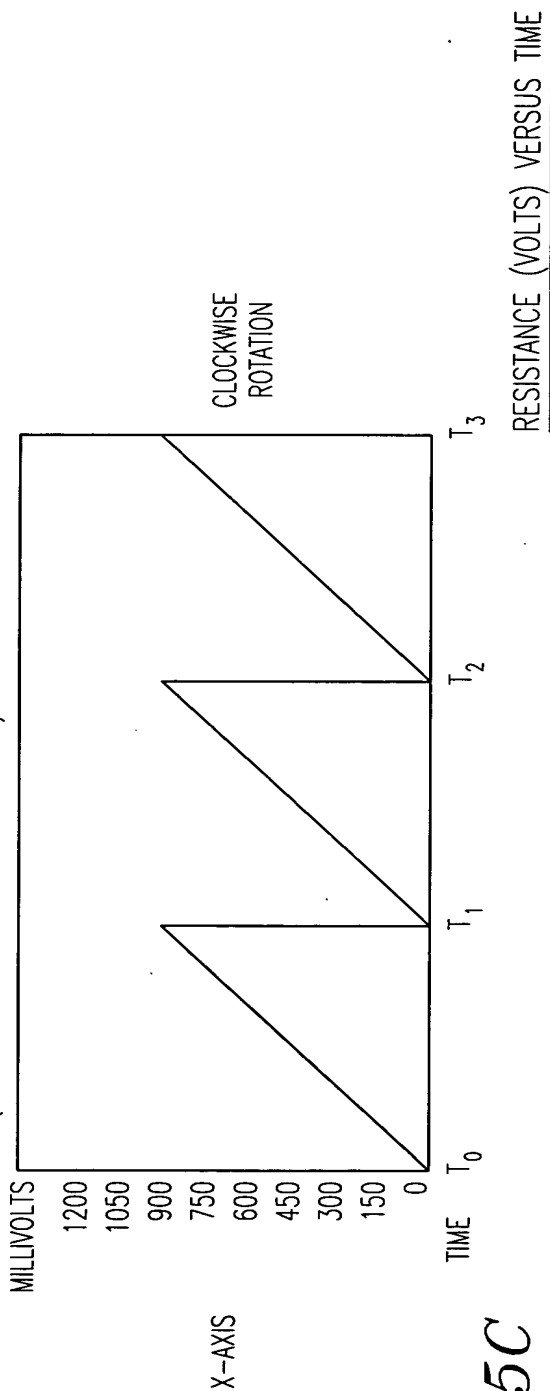
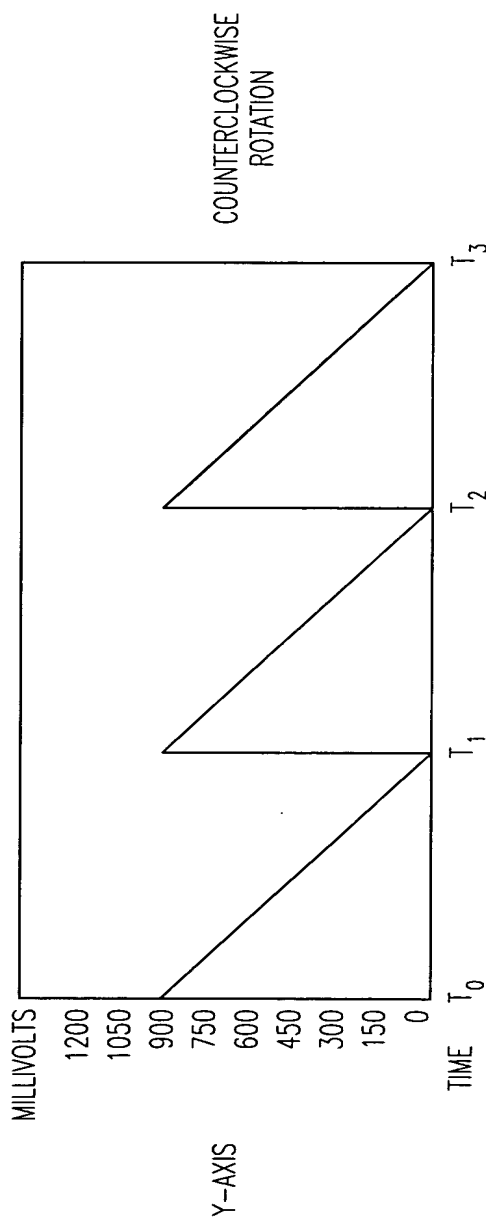


FIG. 5C



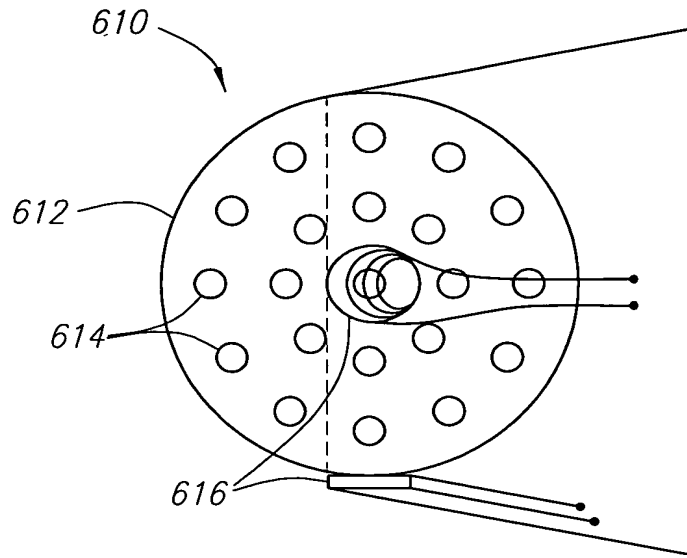


FIG. 6A

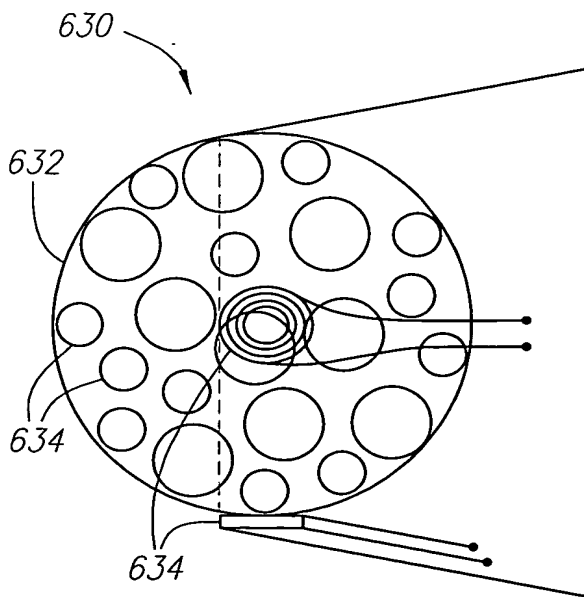


FIG. 6B

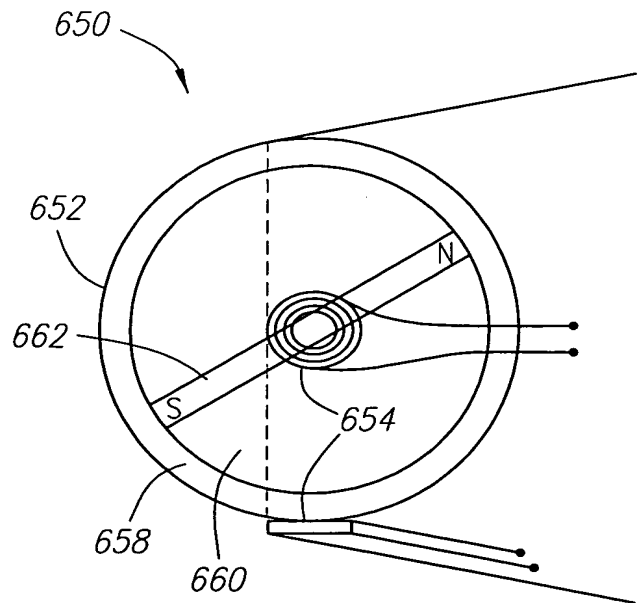
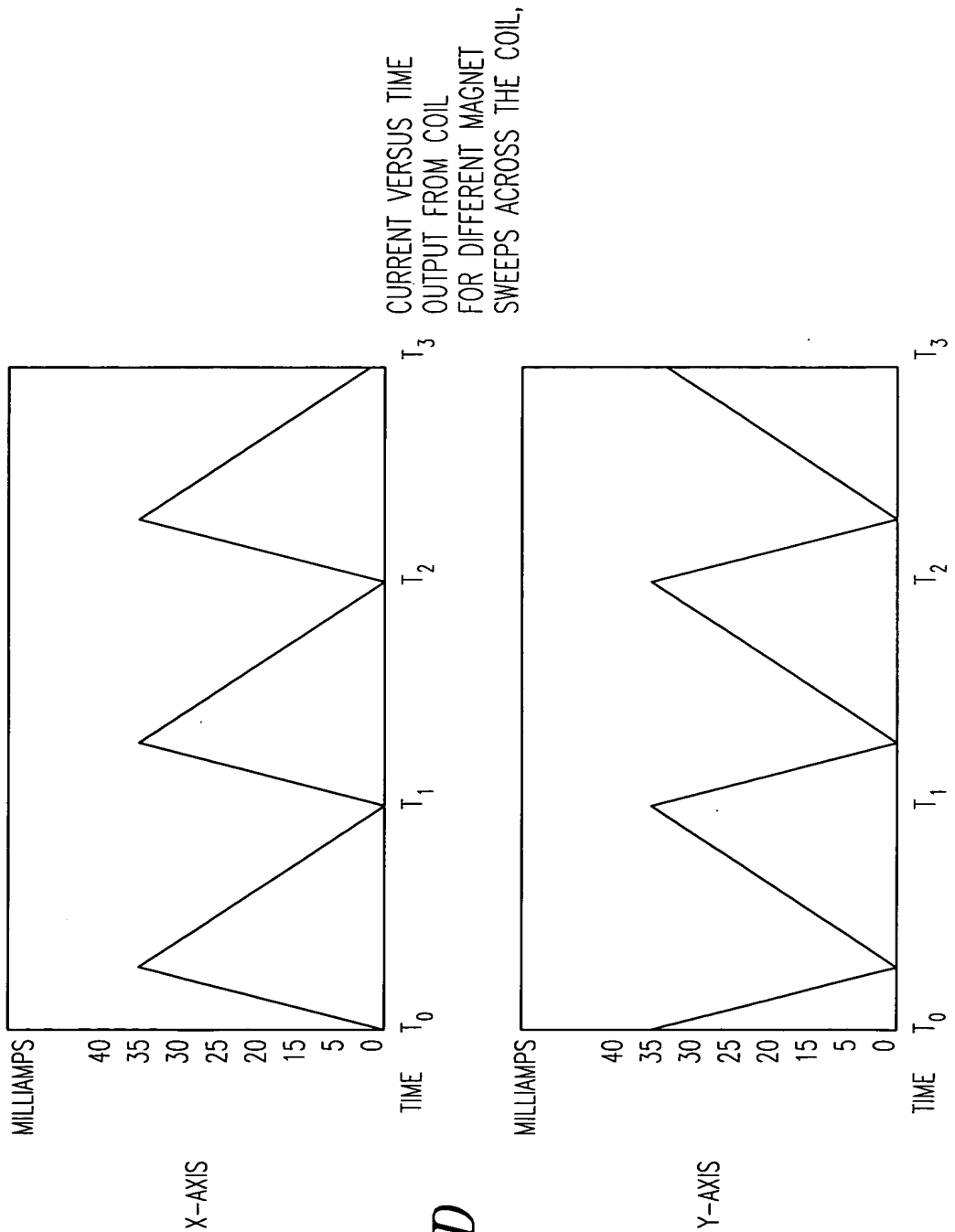


FIG. 6C

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105010 09/25/69

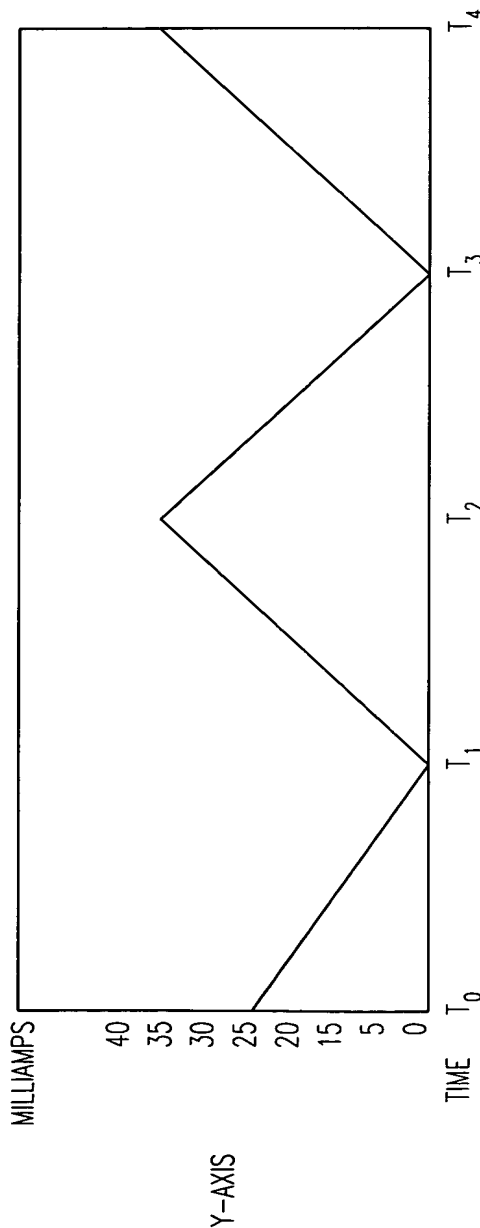
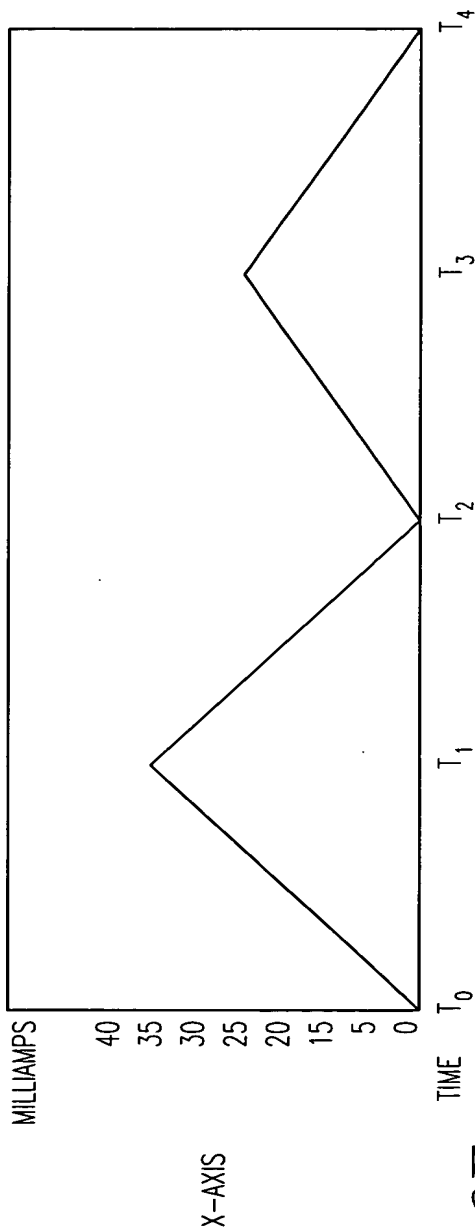
SYMMETRIC MULTI-DOMAIN - ANALOG SOURCE DATA

ROTATION OF DOMAINS ON AN AXIS PRODUCE EITHER INCREASING OR DECREASING CURRENTS FROM TIGHT TO LOOSE COIL BINDINGS.



ASYMMETRIC MULTI-DOMAIN - ANALOG SOURCE DATA

MAGNETIC POLES ARE DISTRIBUTED IN A CHARACTERIZED, NON-UNIFORM PATTERN THAT MAPS VARIATIONS OF CURRENT, SLOPE/RISE, AND TIME TO A UNIQUE VALUE.

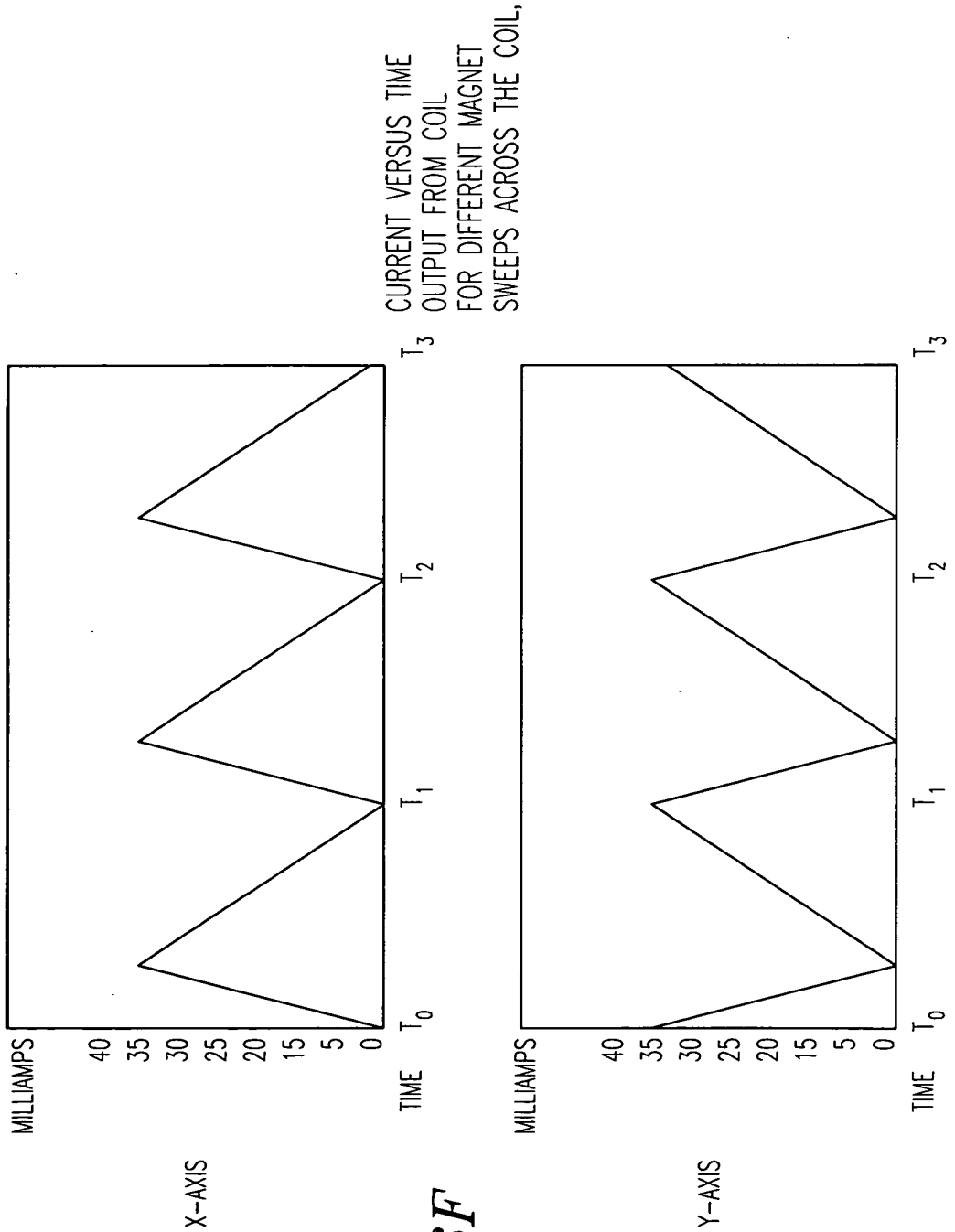


CURRENT VERSUS TIME
OUTPUT FROM COIL
FOR DIFFERENT MAGNET
SWEEPS ACROSS THE COIL,
AND AS DOMAIN SIZES AND
MAGNETIC FIELD STRENGTH
VARY SO DOES THE PERIOD

FIG. 6E

SYMMETRIC UNI-DOMAIN - ANALOG SOURCE DATA

ROTATION OF DOMAINS ON AN AXIS PRODUCE EITHER INCREASING OR DECREASING CURRENTS FROM TIGHT TO LOOSE COIL BINDINGS.



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MICRO FEELER OR INDUCTION COIL INPUT DEVICE

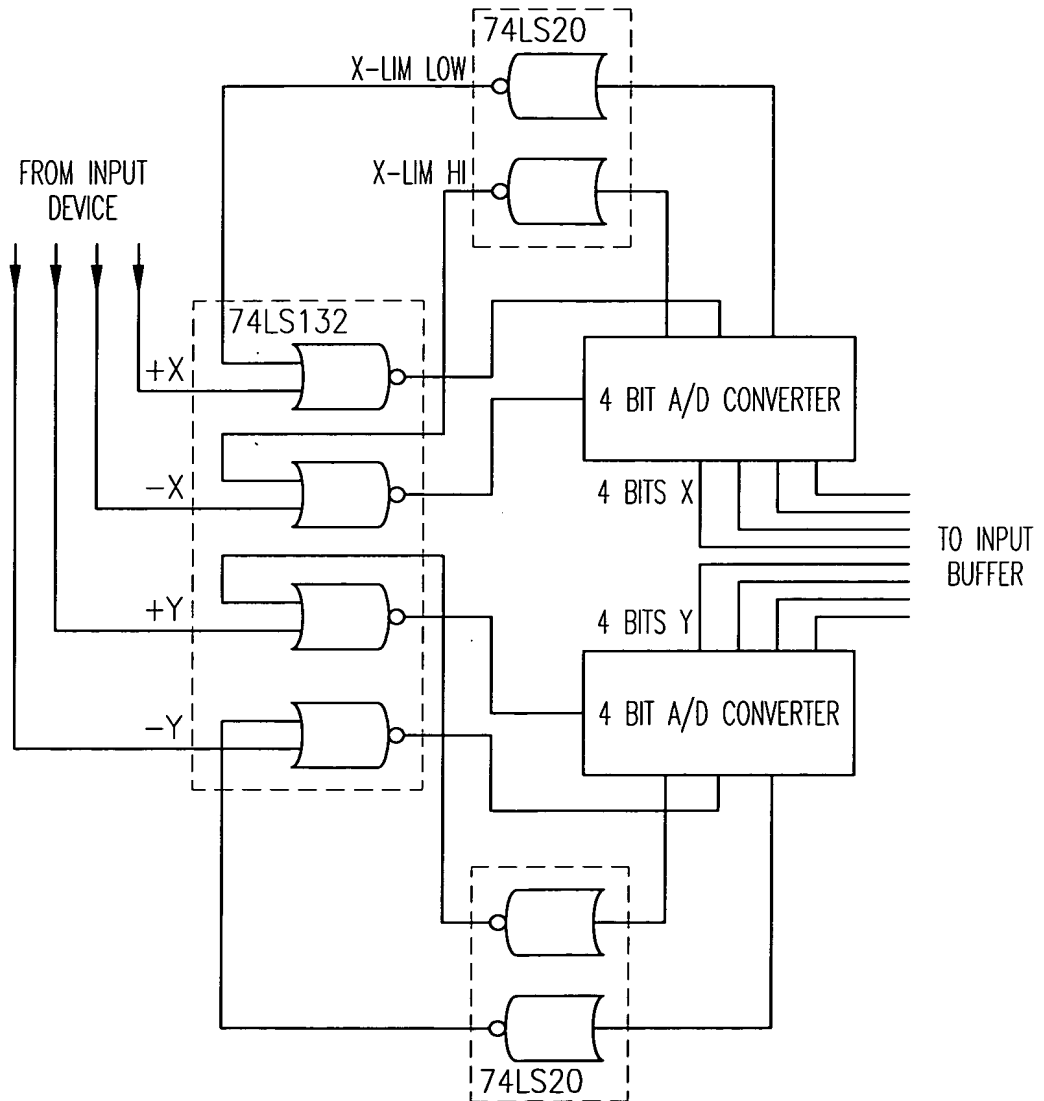


FIG. 7